TEST BOOKLET

Test Booklet No.

J20ENGL



ENGLISH

Test Booklet Code

Roll Number	
	R
Name of the Candidate :	
Signature of the Candidate :	

Time :	2 Hou	\mathbf{rs}
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Maximum Marks: 100

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

- 1. You are given a Test Booklet of **16** pages as well as an OMR (Optical Mark Recognition) Answer Sheet. The Test Booklet contains **80** questions serially numbered from **1** to **80**. Count the pages of the Test Booklet and be sure that they are in proper order. Ensure that the Serial No. and the Code of the Test Booklet and the OMR Answer Sheet are same. In case of mismatch / defect / discrepancy in the Test Booklet and OMR Answer Sheet, report to your Invigilator and get the Test Booklet and OMR Answer Sheet replaced.
- 2. Answers are to be marked only in the OMR Answer Sheet as per the example given below. Candidates are required to indicate their answers at an appropriate place on the OMR Answer Sheet. Darken only one circle for each question as per instructions given on Side-1 of the OMR Answer Sheet.
- 3. For each question, there are **four** probable answers, out of which only **one** is **correct**. The candidate is required to select the correct answer and darken the corresponding circle of the chosen answer. For example, if your answer for Question no. 37 is C, darken the circle C as given below.



- 4. Only Blue/Black Ballpoint Pen is to be used to write on the OMR Answer Sheet. Candidates should bring their own ballpoint pen. Use of pencil is strictly prohibited.
- 5. The test will be of two-hour duration from 11:30 a.m. to 01:30 p.m. and will have 3 sections with only objective type questions.
- 6. Additional time of 30 minutes will be allowed for "Divyang students" (differently-abled students).
- 7. A single Test Booklet comprising all the three sections will be given to each candidate.
- 8. There are 80 questions in all for 100 marks as per details below. 15 minutes additional time is allowed for reading the instructions.

Type of Test	Section	Number of Questions	Marks
Mental Ability Test	Section I	From 1 to 40 = 40 Questions	50
Arithmetic Test	Section II	From 41 to 60 = 20 Questions	25
Language Test	Section III	From 61 to 80 = 20 Questions	25
Total		80	100

- 9. All questions are to be attempted. Every question carries equal marks.
- 10. You must attempt questions of each section because you have to qualify in each section separately.
- 11. Section I has ten parts. Separate directions are given for each part.
- **12.** Overwriting, striking, cutting, applying white/correction fluid and erasing on the OMR Answer Sheet is not allowed. Such answers will not be evaluated. Do not make any stray mark on the OMR Answer Sheet. No change in the darkened circle is allowed once marked in the OMR Answer Sheet.
- **13.** Rough work must not be done on the OMR Answer Sheet. Use page number **16** of the Test Booklet for **rough work**.
- 14. A bell will be rung after every 30 minutes.
- 15. No negative marking will be done.

SECTION I

MENTAL ABILITY TEST

PART – I

Directions : In Question Nos. 1 to 4, four figures (A), (B), (C) and (D) have been given in each question. Of these four figures, three figures are similar in some way and one figure is different. Select the figure which is different. Darken the circle for answer in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.



PART – II

Directions : In Question Nos. **5** to **8**, a question figure is given on the left side and four answer figures marked (A), (B), (C) and (D) are given on the right side. Select the answer figure which is exactly the same as the question figure and darken the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.



PART – III

Directions : In Question Nos. 9 to 12, there is a question figure on the left side, a part of which is missing. Observe the answer figures (A), (B), (C) and (D) on the right side and find out the answer figure which, without changing the direction, fits in the missing part of the question figure in order to complete the pattern in the question figure. Indicate your answer by darkening the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.

Question Figure



PART - IV

Directions : In Question Nos. 13 to 16, there are three question figures on the left side and the space for the fourth figure is left blank. The question figures are in a series. Find out one figure from among the answer figures given on the right side which occupies the blank space for the fourth figure on the left side and completes the series. Indicate your answer by darkening the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.

Question Figures



PART – V

Directions : In Question Nos. **17** to **20**, there are two sets of two question figures each. The second set has an interrogation mark (?). There exists a relationship between the first two question figures. Similar relationship should exist between the third and the fourth question figure. Select one of the answer figures which replaces the mark of interrogation. Darken the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.



PART – VI

Directions : In Question Nos. **21** to **24**, one part of a geometrical figure (Triangle, Square, Circle) is on the left side as question figure and the other one is among the four answer figures (A), (B), (C) and (D) on the right side. Find the figure on the right side that completes the geometrical figure and darken the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.

Question Figure



PART - VII

Directions : In Question Nos. **25** to **28**, there is a question figure on the left side and four answer figures marked (A), (B), (C) and (D) are given on the right side. Select the answer figure which is exactly the mirror image of the question figure when the mirror is held at XY. Indicate your answer by darkening the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.





PART - VIII

Directions : In Question Nos. **29** to **32**, a piece of paper is folded and punched as shown in question figures on the left side and four answer figures marked (A), (B), (C) and (D) are given on the right side. Select the answer figure which indicates how the paper will appear when opened (unfolded). Indicate your answer by darkening the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.

Question Figures



(10)

PART - IX

Directions : In Question Nos. **33** to **36**, a question figure is given on the left side and four answer figures marked (A), (B), (C) and (D) are given on the right side. Select the answer figure which can be formed from the cut-out pieces given in the question figure. Darken the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.

Question Figure

Answer Figures



(11)

PART - X

Directions : In Question Nos. **37** to **40**, a question figure is given on the left side and four answer figures marked (A), (B), (C) and (D) are given on the right side. Select the answer figure in which the question figure is hidden/embedded. Darken the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.



(12)

SECTION II

ARITHMETIC TEST

Directions : For every question, **four** probable answers as (A), (B), (C) and (D) are given. Only **one** out of these is **correct**. Choose the correct answer and darken the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.

41.	If the number B number C and C i is equal to	is 1 is 5%	0% less t more than	than another n 150, then B	46.	Amit bou ₹ 200 on profit or l	ight a ta its repair loss perce	ble fo r. He s nt is	or ₹ 1,200 and spent sold it for ₹ 1,680. His
8	(A) 157·85	(B)	153.85			(A) 12%	profit	(B)	$16rac{2}{3}\%$ profit
	(C) 151·75	(D)	141.75			(C) 20%	loss	(D)	20% profit
42.	2. The sum of HCF and LCM of 45, 60 and 75 is			47.	$140.75 \times (A)$ 140.	0·01 is eq [.] 75	ual to (B)	14000.75	
	(A) 330	(B)	960			(C) 1·40	75	(D)	0.14075
	(C) 915	(D)	630		48.	One-four	th of bird	ls of	a flock are at a river
43.	The value of $0.9 \div$	(0.3 >	< 0·3) is			bank and	d one-fift	h of t	hat flock are in their
	(A) 0·01	(B)	0·1			nest. Rei search of	f food. W	zz bi hat is	s the number of birds
	(C) 1	(D)	10			which are	e in their	nest?	
44.	What will be the greatest 6-digit	he di numb	fference er and	between the the greatest		(A) 40(C) 10		(B) (D)	18 8
	5-digit number ?			49.	In how many years does the sum of $₹$ 1,200				
	(A) 100000	(B)	100001			become ₹ of 5% per	[₹] 1,800 at annum ?	t the :	rate of simple interest
	(C) 99999	(D)	900000	•		(A) 10		(B)	20
45.	What is the diffe	rence	between	the greatest		(C) 15		(D)	25
	7-digit number	and	the sma	allest 4-digit	50.	How man	ny bricks	will]	be required for a wall
	number ?					8 m long	, 6 m hig	h and	22.5 cm thick, if each
	(A) 9990999	(B)	9993999			brick mea	asures 25	cm ×	$11.25 \text{ cm} \times 6 \text{ cm}$?
	(C) 9996999	(D)	9998999)		(A) 640		(B)	1380
	0000000		0000000			(C) 6400)	(D)	7600

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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51. 52.	If $15 - 15 \div 15 \times 6 = x$, (A) 6 (B) (C) 9 (D) $\frac{3}{8} \div \left(\frac{5}{3} - \frac{1}{6}\right) + \frac{5}{8}$ is equal (A) $\frac{3}{8}$ (B) (C) $\frac{7}{8}$ (D)	then the value of x is 0 84 al to $2\frac{5}{8}$ $1\frac{1}{8}$	56.	A square and a rectangle have the same perimeter. If the side of the square is 16 m and the length of the rectangle is 18 m, the breadth of the rectangle is (A) 14 m (B) 15 m (C) 16 m (D) 17 m A park is 1500 metres long and 750 metres wide. A cyclist has to take four rounds of this park. How much time will he take at the speed of 4.5 km/h ? (A) 40 hours (B) 20 hours
53.	The value of x which statement true is $\left(3\frac{7}{11} \times \frac{11}{5}\right) \div \left(\frac{3}{7} \times \frac{1}{2}\right)$ (A) $\frac{7}{2}$ (B) (C) 7 (D)	makes the following $x = \frac{4}{3}$ 14 28	58.	(C) 10 hours (D) 4 hours The prime factorisation of 640 is (A) $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5$ (B) $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5$ (C) $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 5$ (D) $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5$ Find the approximate result of the following
54.	5% of 10% of 175 grams (A) 8.75 gm (B) (C) 0.875 gm (D)	is equal to 0·5 gm 17·5 gm	60.	expression (in whole numbers) : $49.6 \times 10.2 - 7.1 \times 29.7 - 5.1 \times 20.1$ (A) 390 (B) 290 (C) 209 (D) 190 We reached our destination at 2 : 45 pm after
55.	Which of the following is (A) $50 - (100 \div 4)$ (B) $20 + (20 \div 4)$ (C) $10 + (5 \times 2) + (10 - 4)$ (D) $24 + (2 \times 1)$	5 <i>not</i> equal to 25 ?		travelling for $4\frac{1}{2}$ hours. When did we start? (A) 9:00 am (B) 10:00 am (C) 10:15 am (D) 8:15 am

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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SECTION III

LANGUAGE TEST

Directions : There are **four** passages in this Section. Each passage is followed by **five** questions. Read each passage carefully and answer the questions that follow. For each question, four probable answers as (A), (B), (C) and (D) are given. Only **one** out of these is **correct**. Choose the correct answer and darken the circle in the OMR Answer Sheet against the number corresponding to the question.

Passage – 1

Fire is to blame for the loss of countless lives and billions of rupees each and every year. Firefighters help protect people and their property from injury and damage. They put their lives on the line every time they respond to a call.

While on duty, firefighters must be ready to respond in a matter of minutes to just about any disaster that may occur. At every fire scene, a superior fire officer takes command and directs the jobs of all the people at the scene. Some firemen connect the hose lines to hydrants. Others manually operate the pumps to send water to the hoses. Teams of firefighters also operate ladders used to reach distances high in the air.

61.	Which	is not	true	about	the	firefighters	?
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- (A) They are brave.
- (B) They often put their lives in danger.
- (C) They never put their lives in danger.
- (D) They are highly trained.
- **62.** A firefighter has to prepare to extinguish a fire in
 - (A) minutes. (B) hours.
 - (C) days. (D) weeks.
- 63. Firefighters put their lives on the line means
 - (A) they stand in a line.
 - (B) they fight fire.
 - (C) they put their lives in danger.
 - (D) they connect the hose line to hydrant.
- 64. To 'operate manually' means to
 - (A) make a man work.
 - (B) work with their hands.
 - (C) use a machine.
 - (D) use one's body.

65. The word 'occur' means the same as

- (A) come. (B) happen.
- (C) call. (D) fire.

Passage - 2

Hema lay on her bed staring at the stars stuck on the ceiling of her room. She was upset as none of the clothes seemed to fit her. She wore them again one by one but they were either too tight or too short. A cupboard full of clothes and she could not wear any of them. She then had a bright idea, her eyes lit up and she ran to her mother's room. "Ma, I need new clothes," she said, "but only after I donate all my old clothes to charity. No more amassing of clothes." Her mother smiled and hugged her. She did have a kind daughter!

Hema lay on her bed because she 66. (A) was tired. (B) liked looking at the stars. (C) was wondering what to wear. (D) was a lazy girl. She could not wear any of her clothes because 67. (A) they were not fashionable. (B) they were too colourful. (C) she did not know what to choose. (D) none of them fitted her. The synonym of the word, 'amassing' is **68**. (A) collecting. (B) distributing. (C) sharing. (D) gifting. 69. Hema is charitable. (A) greedy. **(B)** (D) miserly. (C) selfish. The opposite of the word 'donate' is 70. **(B)** (A) give. receive. (C) distribute. (D) spend.

Passage – 3

Travelling is both recreational and educative. It has always been regarded as an important part of education. In Europe, a young man is considered fully educated only when he has travelled through many countries of Europe. In ancient India also, our sages understood the great value of travelling. They made it a pious duty to visit various pilgrim centres situated in different parts of India. This encouraged the feeling of oneness among Indians.

					1 01
71.	\mathbf{It}	is important to $_$		if one wants t	o w
	get	real education.			bi fo
	(A)	study	(B)	work	fiv
	(C)	travel	(D)	meditate	76.
72.	Wh	nich one of the follo	owing	words is a synonyn	n
	of "	recreational"?			
	(A)	educational			77.
	(B)	thrilling			
	(C)	tiring		•	
	(D)	sight-seeing			
73.	Vis	iting the	_ cent	res was considered	1
	hol	y in ancient India.			78.
	(A)	training	(B)	pilgrim	
	(C)	city	(D)	business	
74.	Peo	ple have a feeling	of one	eness with others i	f 79.
	the	y a lot.			
	(A)	travel			
	(B)	talk			
	(Ç)	play			80.
	(D)	question			
75.	A sa	ge is a person who	o is	· · ·	
	(A)	learned	(B)	smart	

(C) free , (D) wicked

Passage – 4

To be fit and healthy, you need to be physically active. Regular physical activity protects you from serious diseases such as obesity, heart disease, cancer, mental illness, diabetes and arthritis. Riding a bicycle regularly is one of the best ways to reduce your risk of health problems associated with a sedentary lifestyle. Cycling is a healthy, low-impact exercise that can be enjoyed by people of all ages, from young children to older adults. It is also fun, cheap and good for the environment. Riding to work or the shop is one of the most time-efficient ways to combine regular exercise with everyday routine. An estimated one billion people ride bicycles every day - for transport, recreation and sport. Cycling is a good ay to reduce weight as it builds muscle and urns body fat. Research suggests that by cycling r half an hour everyday we can shed at least ve kilos of weight in a year.

	76.	The main focus of the passage is to tell us the
		advantages of
L		(A) keeping fit. (B) cycling.
		(C) exercising. (D) reducing weight.
	77.	When the writer says "Cycling is good for the
		environment", which of the following is not
		correct ?
		(A) It does not emit any unhealthy gas.
		(B) It can be run without petrol or diesel.
		(C) It does not pollute air.
		(D) It can be ridden by all age groups.
	78.	The word which means the opposite of the
		word 'sedentary' is
		(A) active. (B) lazy.
		(C) inactive. (D) deskbound.
•	79.	A low-impact exercise is one which is
		(A) not tiring.
		(B) not costly.
		(C) not efficient.
		(D) not boring.
	80.	Regular cycling helps us in all of the following
		except to
		(A) reduce fat and strengthen muscles.
		(B) combine fun with work.
		(C) prevent serious accidents.
		(D) remain healthy.